



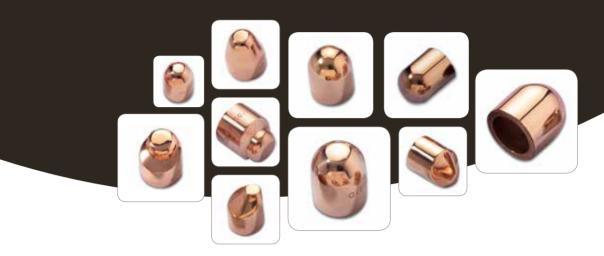
Powerode®

the universal high performance electrode

Powerode®: a dedicated and exclusive process

Lebronze alloys has always been committed to a process of continuous improvement. This allied with a Research & Development programme launched in partnership with specific automotive manufacturers led to the set up of a new dedicated and exclusive patented manufacturing process for the electrodes. The welding performance of Powerode® and its new revolutionary electrodes offers improvements in comparison with the highest standards available within this sector.

Powerode® is available in all cap types for both CuCrZr cold-formed and machined electrodes.



Powerode® positives

► Market leading purity

| Composition | | Standard | Powerode® | | | | | |
|--|-----|----------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 0/ 6* | min | 0.45% | 0.45% | | | | | |
| % Cr | max | 1.00% | 0.80% | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| % Zr | min | 0.03% | 0.03% | | | | | |
| % ZI | max | 0.15% | 0.09% | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Total impuri- ties including Fe + Si | max | 0.38% | 0.15% | | | | | |

► Higher conductivity

| roweroue | | | | | |
|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
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▶ Higher resistance to softening

| Composition | | Standard | Powerode® | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| | min | 160 | 165 | | | | |
| Handa es la 107 | average | | 175 | | | | |
| Hardness in HV as delivered | max | | | | | | |
| | variation within batch | | 10% | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | min | 90 | 125 | | | | |
| Hardness in HV | average | 125 | 145 | | | | |
| after heat treat- ment at 500°C | max | | | | | | |
| for 8 hours | variation within batch | 50% | 10% | | | | |
| | within batch | 20% | 10% | | | | |

▶ Self-protecting layer

Whilst welding Powerode® generates a self-protecting layer which inhibits the corrosion of the welding cap.

STANDARD CAPS

No protective layer: "tearing" effect





Surface damage requires frequent tip-dressing.

POWERODE® CAPS

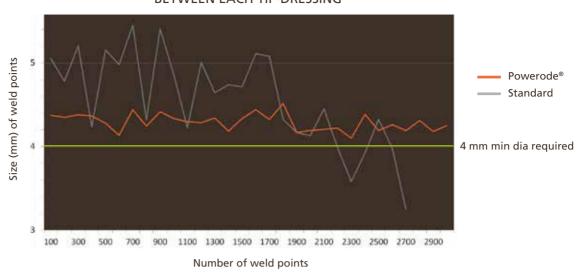
Effective and stable protective layer



Powerode® properties ensures both tip-dressing and corrosion are reduced.

▶ Stable, repeatable and enhanced results

STABILITY AND NUMBER OF WELD POINTS BETWEEN EACH TIP-DRESSING



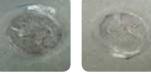
Unlike standard electrodes, Powerode® guarantees a stable spot size and maintains performance, even when exceeding 2000 points.

Improved aspect and no sticking effect



Standard caps: a degradation appears after 1500 spot welds. This effect increases with the number of spots: 50% of spot welds have potential quality issues and risk of sticking increases.

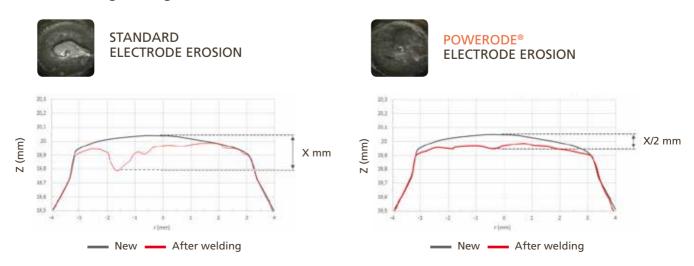
Powerode® weld point



Powerode® caps: weld point remains nice and stable all along life cycle. Risk of sticking is drastically reduced.

▶ Reduction in tip-dressing

Powerode® inhibits damage to the electrode surface which reduces the amount of material to be removed during dressing.



Other products for resistance welding applications



- Rods and hollows from 8 to 380 mm OD
- Flats, squares and plates from 10 mm thickness
- Seam welding wheels up to 900 mm OD
- Stamped and machined connectors for welding guns

Experts in resistance welding

For over 50 years, Lebronze alloys has been an international reference in the Automotive industry for resistance welding products. Our expertise, firstly developed in France and Germany, is now recognized in 35 countries. Being a major partner to almost all car builders involves important duties: not only manufacturing high quality alloys and electrodes but also by being a pioneer in innovation.

All our products are manufactured 100% in our own dedicated facilities where melting, casting, extrusion, drawing, heat treatment, machining and cold forming operations, are permanently controlled by our experienced Engineering and Quality Assurance staff. This uniqueness guarantees complete traceability and thus perfect control of quality, and improves the reliability of our supply chain.







Alloys and Standards

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | Med | chani | anical pro | | perties | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------|-----------------------|--------------------|----------|----------------|-----|-----------|-----|---------------------|---------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|----------------------------|--|--|
| Alloy | Standards Nearest international standards | | Nominal composition % | | | | | | | Physical properties | | | | | | | | - | Tensile strength | | Yield strength 0,2% | | Harringee | Hardness | |
| | | Cu | Cr | Zr | Co | Ве | Ni | Fe | Si | Others | Density | Electrical conductivity %IACS | Electrical resistivity at 20°c μΩcm | Thermal conductivity 20° to 200°C W/mk | Coeff. of expension 20° to 200° c x 10 $^{\circ}$ K $^{\circ}$ | Relative magnetic permeability | Young's modulus kN/mm² | Conditions TER = Quenched, cold worked and aged TR = Quenched and aged T= Quenched | Mpa≥;*= Mpa≤ | ksi≥;*=Mpa≤ | Mpa≥ | ksi≥ | ≥ % | 罜 | HRB |
| Powerode [®] | ASTM: C18100-C18150 MIL 19311 RWMA class 2 SAE CA 184 BS 2874 CC 102 EN 12163, EN 12165, EN 12420, EN 12166 (W) C1950 DIN 17666 WN 2.1293 DIN 17672 DIN 44759 NFA 82100 ISO 182 AZ/3 ISO 1336 | Remainder | to | 0,03 to 0,09 | | | | ≤ 0,08 | | ≤ 0,2 | 8,9 | ≥ 80 | ≤ 2,15 | 320 | 17,5 | 1,01 | 120 | Cold formed Electrodes $13 \le 0 \le 20$ mm - 0,5 in. $\le 0 \le 0,8$ in. Machined Electrodes $10 \le 0 \le 40$ mm - 0,40 in. $\le 0 \le 1,57$ in. Round rod $10 \le 0 \le 25,4$ mm - 0,40 in. $\le 0 \le 1$ in. Square, flat, hexagone, thickness $10 \le 0 \le 25,4$ mm 0,40 in. $\le 0 \le 1$ in. TER condition | 480 | 70 | 420 | 61 | 18 | 160 150 | |
| CuCr1Zr CRM16 C18150 | ASTM: C18100-C18150 MIL 19311 RWMA class 2 SAE CA 184 BS 2874 CC 102 EN 12163, EN 12450, EN 12420, EN 12167 CW106C, CW105C DIN 17666 WN 2.1293 DIN 17672 DIN 44759 NFA 82100 ISO 5182 AZ/3 ISO 1336 | Remainder | 0,4 to 1 | 0,03 to 0,15 | | | | ≤ 0,08 | | ≤ 0,2 | 8,9 | ≥ 75 | ≤ 2,3 | 320 | 17,5 | 1,01 | 120 | Round rod $10 \le 0 \le 25,4$ mm \cdot 0,40 in. $\le 0 \le 1$ in. Square, flat, hexagone, thickness $10 \le 0 \le 25,4$ mm 0,40 in. $\le 0 \le 1$ in. TER condition Round rod $26 \le 0 \le 45$ mm \cdot 1, in. $< 0 \le 1,80$ in. Square, flat, hexagone, thickness 26 to 60 mm 1,02 in. to $2,4$ in. TER condition Round rod $45 < 0 \le 80$ mm $-1,80$ in. $< 0 \le 3,15$ in. Temper TER Round rod $20 \le 0 \le 350$ mm $-0,80$ in. $< 0 \le 13,8$ in. Square, flat of equivalent section TR condition Plate $16 \le 10$ thickness < 250 mm $-0,80$ in. $< 0 \le 13,80$ in. Round rod $< 0 \le 10$ mm $< 0,80$ in. $< 0 \le 10$ mm $< 0,80$ in. Square, flat of equivalent section TR condition | 480 480 440 350 380 400 | 70 70 64 51 55 | 420 420 360 240 280 | 61 61 52 35 41 | 18 18 18 20 20 | 150 140 140 120 120 | |
| CuCr1Zr CRM16E C18150 | ASTM: C18100-C18150 MIL 19311 RWMMA class 2 SAE CA 184 BS 2874 CC 102 EN 12163, EN 12165, EN 12420, EN 12767 CW106C,CW105C DIN 17666 WN 2.1293 DIN 17672 DIN 4759 NFA 82100 ISO 182 AZ/3 ISO 1336 | Remainder | 0,4 to 1 | 0,03 to 0,25 | | | | ≤ 0,08 | | ≤ 0,2 | 8,9 | ≥ 75 | ≤ 2,3 | 320 | 17 | 1,01 | 120 | TER condition Discs and rings TR condition | 380 | 55 | 280 | 41 | 15 | 130 | |
| CuZr ZR16X C15000 | ASTM: C15000 RWMA class 1 DIN 17666 wn 2.1580 DIN 17672 ISO 5182 A2/4 EN 12163, EN 12167, EN 12420 CW120C | Remainder | | 0,15 | | | | | | | 8,9 | ≥ 85 | ≤ 2,05 | 320 | 17 | 1,01 | 110 | TER condition | 320 | 46 | 280 | 41 | 18 | 120 | |
| CuCo2Be CB4 | BS 2874 CC 112 DIN 17666 wn 2.1285 DIN 17672- DIN 44759 ISO 1187- NFA 82100 ASTM B441- B534- B 870: C 17500 MIL 46087- RWMA class 3 SAE CA 184 | Remainder | | | 2,2 | 0,5 | | | | | 8,9 | ≥ 38 | ≤ 4,5 | 200 | 17,5 | 1,01 | 130 | Section $<$ 1000 mm ² - $<$ 1,550 in. ² TR or TER condition Section \ge 1000 mm ² - \ge 1,550 in. ² TR condition | 700 | 101 | 550 | 94 | 10 | 240 | |
| CuBe2 CBE2 C17200 | ASTM B196: C 17200 AMS 4533: C17200 AMS 4535: C17200 RWMA class 4 QQC 530 DIN 17666, DIN 17672 wn 2.1247 NFL 14709 EN 12163 CW 101C | Remainder | | | > 0,2 | 1,8 to 2 | | | | | 8,3 | 28 | 6 | 110 | 17 | 1,01 | 130 | Discs 200 ≤ Ø ≤ 400 mm 7,9 in. ≤ Ø ≤ 15,7 in. Plate 25 ≤ thickness ≤ 250 1 in. ≤ thickness ≤ 10 in. Rods 19,05 ≤ Ø < 50,8 mm 0,75 in. ≤ Ø < 2 in. TER condition Rods 50,8 ≤ Ø ≤ 76,2 mm 2 in. ≤ Ø ≤ 3 in. TER condition Rods 19,05 ≤ Ø ≤ 150 mm 0,75 in. ≤ Ø ≤ 5,9 in. TR condition Rods 19,05 ≤ Ø ≤ 150 mm 0,75 in. ≤ Ø ≤ 5,9 in. T condition Rods 19,05 ≤ Ø ≤ 150 mm 0,75 in. ≤ Ø ≤ 5,9 in. T condition | 1050 1140 1240 1210 1150 570 | 152 165 180 175 167 83 | 850 965 1061 1040 965 | 123 140 154 151 140 | 2 3 4 4 35 | 320 340 360 360 340 150 | 80 |
| CuNi2Si NS5 C18000 | DIN 17666 wn 2.0855 DIN 17672 wn 2.0855 DIN 44759 cl A3.2 NFL 14-701 ISO 1187 EN 12163, EN 12167, EN 12420, EN 12165 CW111C DTD 498 | Remainder | | | | | 2,3 | | 0,6 | | 8,8 | 38 | 4,5 | 180 | 16 | 1,01 | 130 | Section ≤ 1000 mm² - ≤ 1,55 in. TER temper 1000 <section -="" 000="" 1,55="" 2800="" 4,3="" 60="" 93="" <section="" in.²="" in²="" mm²="" section="" temper="" tr="" ≤=""> 60 000 mm² - section > 93 in.² TR temper</section> | 650 650 590 490 | 94 94 86 71 | 590 500 440 340 | 86 72 64 49 | 10 8 8 | ≥195 ≥195 ≥190 ≥160 | |
| CuNi2Si NS6 C18000 | RWMA class 3: C18000 | Remainder | 0,6 | | | | 2,3 | | 0,6 | | 8,8 | ≥ 45 | ≤ 3,83 | 180 | 16 | 1,01 | 130 | Rods 12,7 ≤ 0 ≤ 25,4 mm - 0,5 in. ≤ 0 ≤ 1 in. Rods 25,4 ≤ 0 ≤ 50,8 mm - 1 in. ≤ 0 ≤ 2 in. Rods 50,8 < 0 ≤ 114,3 mm - 2 in. < 0 ≤ 4,5 in. Rods 114,3 ≤ 0 ≤ 381 mm - 4,5 in. < 0 ≤ 4,5 in. Rods 114,3 ≤ 0 ≤ 381 mm - 4,5 in. < 0 ≤ 15 in. Square, rectangle Section ≥ 500 mm² - section ≥ 0,77 in.², thickness ≤ 25 mm - thickness ≤ 1 in. Square, rectangle Thickness > 25 mm - 1 thickness > 1 in. Forged Plate 19 ≤ thickness ≤ 25 mm - 0,75 in. ≤ thickness ≤ 1 in. Forged plate 25 ≤ thickness ≤ 51 mm - 1 in. ≤ thickness ≤ 2 in. Forged plate Thickness ≤ 51 mm - 1 in. ≤ thickness ≤ 2 in. Forged plate Thickness > 51 mm - 1 in. ≤ thickness ≤ 2 in. | 655 650 610 610 655 610 650 620 | 95 94 88 88 95 88 94 90 | 590 500 345 590 345 345 345 345 | 86 72 72 50 86 50 50 | 9 9 9 9 9 9 | ≥195 ≥195 ≥195 ≥195 ≥195 ≥195 ≥195 ≥195 | ≥90 ≥90 ≥90 ≥90 ≥90 ≥90 |

Lebronze alloys group is established from the integration of different companies specializing mainly in copper alloys but also aluminium alloys and speciality steels.

Thanks to a diversified know-how, the group is today at the heart of heavy industries such as Aerospace, Oil & Gas, Power, Railway but also in sectors manufacturing smaller equipment and products. With about 1,100 employees and 10 complementary facilities, we offer all industrial technologies (foundry, extrusion, forging, hot stamping, wire drawing, machining, centrifugal and sand casting). The group's commitment is to find appropriate and optimized solutions for every sector's requirements.



Contacts

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